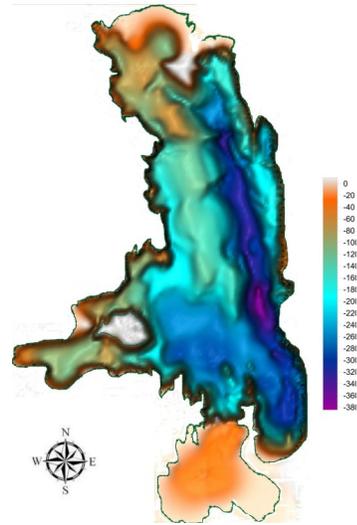


Flathead Lake (Conrad Point)

Surface Area: 122,425 acres
Maximum Depth: 368 feet (112.2 meters)
Conrad Point Depth: 69 feet (21 meters)
Drainage Size: 4,522,476 acres
Shoreline Length: 850,080 feet (170 miles)
Elevation: 2,995 feet (913 meters)



Conrad Point Location: 48.0072 N, 114.19223 W

GENERAL INFORMATION

Flathead Lake is located south of Kalispell between the Mission and Salish Mountain Ranges. The geology of the Flathead Basin is a composite of numerous belt series formations: Appekunny argillite (4%), Grinnel argillite (6%), Missoula group (18%), Piegan group (10%), Ravalli group (4%), Siyeh limestone (3%) and Wallace formation (5%); alluvium (14%), undifferentiated Cambrian (3%), glacial (8%) and undifferentiated tertiary sedimentary rocks (5%). The geology includes the Canadian portion of the watershed, hence the slight overlap in conventional designation of formations. All geological formations that composed <3% of the total basin composition were not listed (Ellis & Craft, 2008).

FISHERIES INFORMATION

For more information see: <https://fwp.mt.gov/fish/stocking.html>

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- This is the largest lake in the study with multiple volunteers and sample sites. The program has had up to 16 monitoring locations on Flathead Lake. Currently, there are five monitoring locations on the lake and discussed in this report. Data for historical monitoring sites can be obtained by contacting WLI.
- Current NMLN citizen volunteers include: Chris Frechette, Rob Mitchell, Marilyn Nelson, Roger Smith, Asta Bowen, and Carroll Blend



Volunteer Walt Curtis on Flathead Lake.

LAKE METRICS SUMMARY AND SCORES

Metric	Score	Description
Cold-water fish habitat	High	Temperature and oxygen profiles show that Conrad Point was stratified or weakly stratified during summer sampling. The August temperature profile indicates that Conrad Point was within the avoidance threshold range for salmonids at depths of up to 7 meters.
Nutrient Levels	Medium	Flathead Lake (Conrad Point) often ranks medium among large lakes for total phosphorus, total nitrogen, and chlorophyll (a).
Nutrient Trend	Decreasing	Phosphorous is decreasing.
Trophic Status	Oligo-trophic	Carlson's Trophic Index trend shows Flathead Lake is consistently oligotrophic.
Dreissenid Colonization Potential (Calcium)	High	Calcium concentrations collected in 2010, 2011 and 2016 ranged from a low of 22mg/L (Dayton) to a high of 27 mg/L (Mack Alley). The average calcium concentration for all Flathead lake samples was 24.3mg/L. The average alkalinity was reported at 87mg/L.
Known AIS infestations	None	

Flathead Lake, Conrad Point

